Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology

1996 Annual Report

Regular Members
The American Physiological Society
American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics
American Society for Investigative Pathology
American Society for Nutritional Sciences
The American Association of Immunologists
The American Society for Cell Biology
Biophysical Society
American Association of Anatomists
The Protein Society

Sustaining Associate Members
Society for Developmental Biology
American Peptide Society
The Federation's Mission

To provide logistic support for programs of independent Member Societies by dissemination of information on biological research through scientific publications and conferences, and to provide a means for coalition activities among the Societies, particularly the effective representation of the interests and concerns of investigators in the life and biomedical sciences.

FASEB Officers

President
John W. Suttie*

Vice President
Ralph G. Yount*

Secretary
Michael J. Jackson*

Treasurer
Linda M. McManus*

Past President
Ralph A. Bradshaw*

FASEB Board of Directors

APS
Brian R. Duling
James A. Schafer*

ASBMB
Peter H. von Hippel
David L. Brautigan

ASPET
Joel G. Hardman
Palmer Taylor*

ASIP
Dorothy F. Bainton
David G. Kaufman

ASNS
John W. Suttie, President
David E. Ong*

AAI
Katherine L. Knight
Roger M. Perlmutter

ASCB
Michael P. Sheetz
Bill R. Brinkley*

Biophysical Society
Ralph G. Yount, Vice President
Lila M. Gierasch

AAA
William P. Jollie
Donald A. Fischman*

The Protein Society
Robert W. Newburgh
Brian W. Matthews

*Member of the Executive Committee
# Table of Contents

Board of Directors' Report ........................................ 2  
Executive Office Report ........................................ 3  
Government Relations Report .................................... 4  

Department Reports  
Office of Public Affairs ........................................ 6  
Life Sciences Research Office .................................. 9  
Office of Scientific Meetings and Conferences ............... 10  
Office of Publications ........................................... 12  
Career Resources .................................................. 13  
Logistic Support .................................................... 14  

1996 Awards ......................................................... 16  
Wellcome Visiting Professorships ............................... 17  

Financial Reports  
Comptroller's Office .............................................. 18  
Statement of Financial Position ................................. 20  
Statement of Activities ........................................... 21  

Member Societies of the Federation ............................ 22  
Sustaining Associate Members of the Federation ............. 24  
FASEB WWW Site Directory ...................................... Inside Back Cover
The FASEB Board of Directors is the senior policy making body for the organization. Consisting of two members from each of the FASEB Member Societies, the Board meets three times a year to review activities and consider new programs. During 1996, the Board undertook three important initiatives that will contribute to the continued development of FASEB in future years.

In an earlier review of the membership profile, it was determined that Societies with fewer than 2000 individual members are unable to participate effectively in FASEB activities as full members. Recognizing that this constraint was counterproductive to the participation of newly emerging Societies and sub-specialty groups in our public affairs forums, the Board approved creation of a new membership category, the Sustaining Associate Member for Societies with interests in common with FASEB that are ineligible for regular membership. Sustaining Associates will be invited to participate as nonvoting members in all of the public affairs activities and, if the Society so wishes, may subscribe to other FASEB activities such as the membership Directory. As this report is written, three Societies accepted invitations to join FASEB in the Associate Membership category, and I am pleased to welcome the Society for Developmental Biology, the American Peptide Society, and the Association of Biomolecular Resource Facilities as the newest members.

Recognizing that the national elections presented a special opportunity for FASEB to focus attention on the priority given to biomedical research in the national agenda, the Board authorized use of reserve funds up to $0.5 million in support of projects in public affairs. These projects are described in detail in other parts of this report, but two initiatives should be mentioned here. First, the reorganization of our Public Affairs Office provided the opportunity to accept a proposal from the firm of Van Scoyoc Associates. This contract provides to FASEB full access to the advice and support of Mr. Michael Stephens whose twenty years of staff experience on the House Committee on Appropriations, including seven years as Staff Director of the Labor, Health and Human Services and Education Subcommittee, provide an unparalleled expertise to guide our concerns with the biomedical research budget. Second, the Board approved implementation of a national electronic network communications, BioInfoNet, to inform scientists laboratories of developments affecting their work. As this report goes to press, the network includes more universities and research institutions nationwide.

A third important initiative addressed by the Board during 1996 concerned the development of the services provided by the Career Resources Office. FASEB has provided a placement service for recruitment of scientists for more than twenty-five years. The availability of the Internet provided an opportunity to reconfigure the service to take advantage of the new technology and to enhance the support to employers and job seekers. The staff of the Career Resources Office presented a comprehensive report to the Board at the September meeting, which received close attention and guarded enthusiasm for the potential of the new system. Several Member Societies consider the service an important benefit for their members, but are concerned that the cost of a comprehensive service may shut out those who most in need of a reliable and effective support.

The substantial growth FASEB has experienced since the reorganization was initiated in 1990 has been of substantial benefit to our efforts in representation and advocacy. However, it has sometimes been suggested that the increase in the number of Member Societies has not facilitated the governance of our organization. For this reason, I appointed a select committee of Board members to consider the issue and, if appropriate make recommendations. The committee was chaired by Dr. Katherine Knight of The American Association of Immunologists and made their report at the December meeting of the Board. The committee recommended that no action should be taken at this stage, but when FASEB grows to include sixteen full members, representation on the Board should be decreased from one representative from each Society. The Board was pleased to accept this recommendation, and we look forward to achieving the growth that will require its implementation.

In closing this report, I would like to express my appreciation to the members of the Board of Directors for the dedication and commitment that have enabled the remarkable development of FASEB over the past several years, and for the patience with which they have addressed the many difficult issues before them.

John W. Suttie, Ph.D.
President and Chairman of the Board
The five-year plan adopted in 1995, called for FASEB to become an information resource for Society members, the legislative and policy communities and the lay public, and charged the Committee on Publications and Communications to make recommendations for appropriate vehicles to support this goal. Under the enthusiastic chairmanship of AAI member Tom Kindt, the committee focused attention on the FASEB Web Site (http://www.faseb.org) as a core resource for providing information to the communities we serve and, working with a group of FASEB staff led by Ed Rekas, initiated an ambitious plan for redesign of the FASEB Home Page to enhance the information included on the site and facilitate communications. The new design was implemented in July, providing ready access to a wide range of FASEB activities and programs, including the Directory of Society members and scientific meeting programs, as well as links to the Home Pages of Member Societies. Particular attention has been directed to the timely presentation of documentation relating to public policy efforts, including correspondence, consensus conference reports and committee proceedings. The utility of this resource was demonstrated by the remarkable growth of requests for information which, by the end of the year, exceeded 1.3 million ‘hits’ per month. The accessibility of this new facility suggests that the FASEB Web Site will fulfill its planned role in providing timely information to members of the research community on legislative and policy issues. In addition, the web site provides access to a constituency that FASEB has not previously addressed systematically. This is the lay community which preliminary statistics suggest may contribute as much as 25 percent of the visits to the site. The accessibility of this new facility suggests that the FASEB Web Site will fulfill its planned role in providing timely information to members of the research community on legislative and policy issues. In addition, the web site provides access to a constituency that FASEB has not previously addressed systematically. This is the lay community which preliminary statistics suggest may contribute as much as 25 percent of the visits to the site.

Several changes in key positions occurred during the course of the year. Mr. Gar Kaganowich, who has led the development of the public affairs program for twelve years, accepted the opportunity to serve as Head of Washington Government Relations for the RAND Corporation. In a sense, this appointment was an important recognition of Gar’s role in the developing public affairs program of FASEB and, while we miss Gar’s experience and warm personality, such changes are inevitable in a growing organization. To accommodate this change, we were very fortunate in establishing an agreement with Van Scoyoc Associates to provide services of the former Staff Director of the Labor, Health and Human Services and Education Subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee, Michael Stephens, as a consultant on the federal budget and congressional liaison. Ms. Nancy Sledge, who is well known in the association meetings community as the Manager of the FASEB Scientific Exhibits Program, retired after twenty-six years service in the Office of Scientific Meetings and Conferences, and Dr. Sue Ann Anderson accepted a permanent position with the FDA after serving as the Associate Director of LSRO for seventeen years. Each of these individuals were leaders in their activities for FASEB. We shall miss the experience they brought to their positions, but recognize that career development and growth of the organization do not always occur hand-in-hand.
Government Relations Report

MICHAEL A. STEPHENS
FASEB GOVERNMENT RELATIONS CONSULTANT

While government funding for the life sciences has not kept up with the explosion of available research opportunities, support for biomedical research, particularly at the National Institutes of Health, has remained strong in even the most difficult budget times. The truth in this was reinforced during the last two years of efforts by the President and the Congress to balance the Federal budget. While other government investments in education, environmental protection and social services were declining, biomedical research remained healthy, with the NIH receiving a 13 percent increase over the two-year period, rising from $11,297 million in 1995 to $12,747 million in the current year. This was a remarkable achievement when seen in the context of a congressional session that "began with calls from the House and Senate Budget Committees for the NIH to "do its share" in contributing to deficit reduction. I believe that FASEB, under the leadership of President John Suttie and former Presidents Ralph Bradshaw and Sam Silverstein, have played a key role in turning this very real threat into a victory for our membership.

As I look at these past successes, and the more recent ones, my main question is what are the relevant lessons to absorb for FASEB's future advocacy efforts on behalf of life sciences research? My conclusion is that we should focus in the future, as we did during this past period, on four elements when organizing our public policy efforts:

- forging strong partnerships, both old and new;
- supporting existing congressional champions and nurturing new ones;
- maintaining our position as the "voice" of the basic scientist in the health policy arena;
- and, being open to innovative strategies for accomplishing our historic goals of increased funding for biomedical research with minimal interference in science.

I have spent this past year assisting President Suttie in trying to strengthen FASEB's approach to each of these four fundamentals.

In looking at the first, and probably most important of these elements, our partnerships, I was drawn to a model created by President Dwight Eisenhower in which he described to the Congress and the American people the power of the "iron triangle" of support for defense spending. The points on his triangle were occupied by the Pentagon, congressional committees with jurisdiction over defense issues, particularly Appropriations, and the defense contractors. While I believe that biomedical research's cause is a more benevolent one, I have come to believe that our success as advocates is the result of similar tri-partite partnership, which must be maintained and strengthened if we are to have the success in the future that we have enjoyed in the past. The points of our "iron triangle" include the leadership of the National Institutes of Health and other science agencies within the executive branch, congressional committees with jurisdiction on life sciences funding, particularly Appropriations, and the broad array of advocates for health research. This latter group includes not only representatives of the basic scientist, like FASEB, but also those representing patients and their families who suffer from various diseases, those who represent the institutional base, principally medical schools, where our research is carried out, and, more recently, the private sector, which looks to the government as the source of the basic science they can apply and take to the marketplace.

We have done a great deal during the last year to strengthen our partnerships. Building on efforts in 1995 by past presidents of FASEB to reach out to the private sector through establishment of an Academic-Industry Alliance, in 1996 President Suttie made a special effort to reach out to our colleagues in chemistry and physics. This has been accomplished through our membership in the Coalition for the National Science Foundation and has resulted in FASEB's endorsement, for the first time, of a joint advocacy goal for the NSF in cooperation with the American Chemical Society and the American Physics Society.

The Agencies
National Institutes of Health
National Science Foundation
Others

The Triangle of Biomedical Research Support

The Congress
 Appropriations Committees
Authorization Committees

The Advocates
Scientific
Specific Disease Groups
Medical Schools
The Private Sector
Society. It has also included more overt efforts to increase the level of input by the broader health advocacy community into FASEB’s own policy process. The Ad Hoc Group for Medical Research Funding and the Coalition for Health Funding both participated in this year’s Funding Consensus Conference in November. The President and staff members of FASEB now hold leadership positions in these coalitions, and meet regularly with their members. This has not always been easy — being a good “partner” has sometimes meant adjusting the position of FASEB to fit the goals of the larger group. In the end, however, I believe that the basic life science researchers whom we serve have been advantaged by this, and I strongly encourage the Federation to continue to broaden and deepen its participation in these partnerships.

We have also continued to strengthen already solid relationships with our government partners by seeking their views in an organized way, prior to adopting policy positions, and then working with them during the long and often contentious legislative cycle. The result has been policy positions that we hope have reflected the proper balance between aggressive advocacy and realistic goals. This fall, for example, President Sultie and I met with the Directors of both the NIH and NSF, and with congressional leaders from both parties in the House and Senate, prior to making recommendations at our fiscal year 1998 Federal Funding Consensus Conference. The result of our efforts is that both House and Senate leaders now more frequently seek out our advice and support when we have common cause. Equally important, they have invited us to the table when there are disagreements, such as last year during debates about the small business program at NIH.

The second principle of our advocacy has been to nurture and support our congressional champions. The importance of this activity has been obvious for many decades. Congressional legendary figures such as Lister Hill, Warren Magnuson, John Fogarty, Bill Natcher, Silvio Conte, Lowell Weicker, Tom Harkin and Mark Hatfield have been our most critical allies in the fight for federal support of the life sciences. What we have learned in the last two years, however, is the need to work with new leaders from both parties, and not assume that our current champions will always be in place. This was especially helpful when Congressman John Porter (Ill.) assumed the chairmanship of the critically important House Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services with jurisdiction over the National Institutes of Health, in 1995. Due to FASEB’s efforts to develop a good relationship with him when he was in the minority, and when he first took over the subcommittee, he has emerged as one of the strongest supporters ever of biomedical research. We have also worked extensively with members of the current minority, such as Congressman Dave Obey (Wis.) and Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi (Cal.). This has included participation in events in their districts profiling the opportunities of life sciences research, on both humanitarian and economic grounds. This effort is, and must always remain, structured so that FASEB will be seen as entirely non-partisan in its efforts — I emphasize non-partisan, rather than bi-partisan, intentionally.

FASEB’s efforts to strengthen its reputation as the “voice of the basic scientist” in the public policy forum has focused on three different areas. The first has been to expand our membership as reflected in the addition over the past fifteen months of three new societies to the Federation, bringing to 46,000 the number of scientists whose views we present to the Hill and to others. We have also stepped up our direct presence on the Hill through more frequent visits by FASEB’s leaders to the offices of congressional representatives and senators, and through regular visits by political leaders to FASEB events. This has been accompanied by an almost constant presence of FASEB staff on the Hill and at the agencies. Lastly, we have limited our advocacy to those areas where we believe that FASEB, as the representative of basic scientists involved in biomedical research, can speak as an expert.

In summary, I believe that the policy battles of the last several years have left us stronger as an institution and more sophisticated in our advocacy efforts on behalf of the life scientists who look to the Federation to make their case in Washington. If we stick to our principles and pursue them with vigor and integrity, I believe we can continue to be successful, even in the increasingly competitive policy environment of today.
Public affairs activities of the Federation advance the interests of individual investigators in the biological and biomedical sciences and are guided by representatives of the FASEB Societies serving on the FASEB Board of Directors and the Public Affairs Executive Committee (PAEC). The Office of Public Affairs (OPA) coordinates these activities and also supports the policy development and research mission of the Public Affairs Advisory Committee (PAAC). PAEC and PAAC members are listed on page 8.

OPA collects and analyzes data, organizes consensus conferences, and works with the FASEB leadership to establish FASEB policies and present them in executive, legislative, and other policy making settings. Specific areas of action include government liaison, policy development, society liaison, research, communication, coalition building, and public outreach. Some of OPA’s significant achievements in 1996 included:

**Government Liaison**

OPA works closely with FASEB’s new legislative affairs consultant, Michael Stephens, and the elected leadership of FASEB to effectively represent the views of biomedical scientists before Congress, federal agencies, and other organizations. By speaking with a single voice, the Societies increase the impact of their message and maximize the likelihood of influencing public policy.

- Last year, FASEB, its Member Societies, and coalition partners carried out a successful advocacy campaign to increase FY 1997 federal funding for biomedical research, including a 6.5% increase for core NIH programs. FASEB's proposals, developed during the FY 1997 Consensus Conference on Federal Funding, were described in the report, *Sustaining the Commitment: Federal Funding for Biomedical and Related Life Sciences Research, FY 1997*. Recommendations for NIH, NSF, VA, USDA, DOE, and NASA were presented in testimony before appropriations subcommittees, in meetings with Congressional leaders, and in thousands of letters to key policy makers from FASEB Society members in response to FASEB-generated alerts.

- Other FASEB efforts on behalf of biomedical research and the research community included: a response to a request for comments from the NIH Committee on Rating Grant Applications; support for the use of animals in the Russian-American BION Research project; opposition to proposed legislation that would eliminate the supply of random source animals in research (July, 1996).

- OPA provided support for the Congressional Biomedical Research Caucus luncheon series. Cosponsored with the Joint Steering Committee, the program provides an opportunity for Members of Congress and their professional staff to learn about new developments in biomedical research from leading scientists.

**Policy Development**

OPA works closely with the FASEB Board of Directors, Public Affairs Executive Committee (PAEC), and the Public Affairs Advisory Committee (PAAC) to establish FASEB positions and official statements. Consensus conferences of representatives from the Member Societies are primary vehicles for policy development. FASEB committees and conferences bring together the leadership of the Societies and draw upon their collective experience, expertise, and resources to formulate positions on behalf of individual investigators in the biomedical sciences.

- OPA developed a series of position papers on basic research, science policy, and regulatory burdens for the Presidential and Congressional campaign committees of both major political parties.

- A series of platform statements was developed and sent to the platform committees of the major parties. Both the Democratic and Republican party platform and campaign statements emphasized the importance of biomedical research.

- OPA distributed information on biomedical research and FASEB policy positions to candidates of both parties in closely contested Congressional races involving districts with major research institutions.

- OPA organized and convened the Graduate Education Consensus Conference. Over 130 persons participated in this meeting, including Society representatives and invited guests from science and education organizations. The report from this conference will be released early in 1997.
OPA organized and convened the FY 1998 Federal Funding Consensus Conference, collecting data, developing briefing materials, and organizing meetings of FASEB Committee chairs with agency and Congressional staff. The conference report will serve as the foundation for FASEB's testimony before the Congressional Appropriations Subcommittees.

**Society Liaison**

OPA monitors Congressional and regulatory issues of interest to individual investigators in the biomedical science and shares this information with the Member Societies and their professional staff.

- OPA arranges a weekly public affairs staff meeting to coordinate public affairs activities and disseminate information.

- In 1996, OPA began efforts to help integrate two new Sustaining Associate Member Societies (Society for Developmental Biology and American Peptide Society) into the Federation's public policy activities.

**Research**

OPA collects and analyzes data in support of the Federation's policy development and advocacy activities.

- OPA published a study documenting the role of basic science in the discovery of antihypertensive drugs in the *Archives of Internal Medicine* (September 23, 1996).

**Communication**

Information collected in development and support of FASEB's public affairs program is shared with the research community through electronic and printed channels.


- "Public Affairs Update", a brief report summarizing the major activities of the public affairs committees, is sent monthly to all Society representatives and professional staff.

- OPA created BioInfoNet for communications with scientists. This campus-based electronic communication network is being developed to provide information to biological and biomedical scientists at research institutions across the nation. This project was initiated after the April, 1996 Coalition of Biomedical Scientists meeting, when it became apparent that many scientists did not have timely access to information on important policy issues. BioInfoNet is intended to ultimately reach all biological scientists at U.S. research institutions.

- OPA published the *FASEB Newsletter* nine times in 1996. The newsletter reports on public affairs activities of the Federation and other policy issues of significance for biomedical scientists. This source of information on FASEB and Society public affairs initiatives keeps readers apprised of important events in Washington and summarizes on-going FASEB activities and policy initiatives.

**Coalition Building**

OPA works with other organizations to advance and protect the interests of biomedical scientists. These alliances help promote the positions of the Societies and their members by joining forces with other groups that share the same goals. Current coalition partnerships include the Ad Hoc Group for Medical Research, Coalition for National Science Funding, National Association for Biomedical Research, Research America, Federal Demonstration Partnership, and Commission on Professionals in Science and Technology. OPA also formed the Coalition of Biomedical Scientists to coordinate the actions of organizations representing investigators on crucial research policy issues.

- OPA organized a meeting of the Coalition of Biological Scientists (April 30, 1996) to discuss the Commission on Research Integrity (CRI) report and its implications for scientists. The statement issued by the Coalition was endorsed by 53 Societies with combined memberships of over 250,000 scientists. Reaction to the meeting and statement established FASEB as the leading voice of scientists on this issue. Coalition efforts, along with subsequent FASEB communications with the Department of Health and Human Services, prevented the implementation of CRI recommendations opposed by the research community.

**Public Outreach**

OPA is developing a series of projects to increase the public's awareness of the benefits of basic biomedical research. Informing the public and its elected representatives about the benefits of basic research supports the education mission of the FASEB Societies and is part of a pro-active approach to maintaining public support for research.

- FASEB presented its 1996 Public Service Award to Senator Mark Hatfield (R-OR) and Representative John Porter (R-IL). This award honors individuals who have made outstanding contributions to biomedical research through their work in government, public affairs, the media, or related fields. Participating in the awards ceremony were Representative Michael Crapo (R-ID),
Senator Nancy Kassebaum (R-KS), NIH Director Harold Varmus, and NAS President Bruce Alberts.


OPA continued its program of public information about the benefits of biomedical research. A third essay in the "Breakthroughs in Bioscience" series was published and sent to Members of Congress and their staff, the media, educators, textbook publishers, and selected policy organizations.

How to participate in FASEB Public Affairs Activities:

- Copies of all Congressional testimony and official FASEB correspondence on policy issues are posted on the Public Affairs web page: http://www.faseb.org/opa. A monthly summary of public affairs activities is kept on the web site along with copies of FASEB reports and other policy documents of interest to biomedical scientists. We invite you to visit our web page and welcome your comments.

- BioInfoNet informs scientists about pending government actions affecting research. BioInfoNet currently reaches over 70 institutions and is growing. To make sure that you are connected, find the name of your campus coordinator by sending an e-mail message to: litch@opa.faseb.org

- Society members are encouraged to incorporate FASEB position statements in their own correspondence with elected representatives.

Public Affairs Executive Committee (PAEC)

Brian R. Duling (APS)
Peter H. von Hippel (ASBMB)
Joel G. Hardman (ASPET)
Dorothy R. Bainton (ASIP)
John W. Suttle, Chair (ASNS)
Katherine L. Knight (AAI)
Michael P. Sheetz (ASCB)
Ralph G. Yount (Biophysical)
William P. Jollie (AAA)
Robert W. Newburgh (Protein)
Ralph A. Bradshaw*
Roger A. Pederson** (SDB)
*ex officio, non voting
**non voting

Public Affairs Advisory Committee (PAAC)

Eric O. Feigl (APS)
Howard K. Schachman (ASBMB)
Mustafa F. Lokhandwala (ASPET)
Richard G. Lynch (ASIP)
Robert E. Smith (ASNS)
George N. Abraham (AAI)
Susan A. Gerbi (ASCB)
Mark D. Barkley (Biophysical)
Robert O. Kelley (AAA)
Tony E. Hugli (Protein)
Ralph A. Bradshaw*
Ida Chow** (SDB)
Ralph G. Yount, Chair* (Biophysical)
*ex officio, non voting
**non voting
The Life Sciences Research Office

MARVIN SNYDER, PH.D., DIRECTOR

The Life Sciences Research Office (LSRO) continued its focus on issues related to research in the biomedical sciences. Members of FASEB Societies and other qualified scientists assisted in the evaluation of specific topics in biology and medicine and provided expert scientific assessment of research proposals, programs, and issues in the life sciences.

Scientific Evaluations

As consultants and reviewers for LSRO, FASEB Society Members served on expert panels, provided peer reviews of research proposals, evaluated research programs, and made recommendations on research needs and opportunities for Federal agencies and organizations in the private sector. Two reports were published by LSRO in 1996. These reports, which are distributed to both the scientific community and the public, are:

Consistency between Nutrition Label Information and Laboratory Analysis for 300 Food Products, prepared for the Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, Food and Drug Administration.


Visiting Scientists for Minority Institutions

The Visiting Scientists for Minority Institutions Program, funded by the Minority Access to Research Careers (MARC) Program of the National Institute of General Medical Sciences (NIGMS), provides opportunities for education and research at minority colleges and universities by interaction with distinguished investigators. In 1996, 14 Society scientists spent more than 55 days at 14 minority institutions presenting lectures, demonstrations, seminars, counseling students, and assisting faculty in the conduct of research and curriculum improvement. In addition, two minority students made 2 to 4-week reciprocal visits to the laboratories of FASEB Society researchers who had served as Visiting Scientists. Scholarship Awards for faculty and students to attend annual meetings of the Societies were made to 13 minority institutions; 33 faculty members from 25 minority institutions attended 17 FASEB Summer Research Conferences.

Beaumont Information Resource Center (BIRC)

The BIRC maintains a core set of current publications and bibliographic and biographical data reference sources, limited general references in biomedical disciplines, various organizational and individual directories, and access to holdings at the National Library of Medicine via MEDLINE services. At the direction of the Federation Board, LSRO is responsible for the management of the BIRC.

Committee on Research and Education

Mark L. Failla, Chair
Margaret C. Neville
Adele J. Wolfson
Tony L. Yaksh
Russell M. Lebovitz
Judith A. Owen
James D. Jamieson
William P. Jollie
Robert W. Newburgh
Office of Scientific Meetings and Conferences

Geri Swindle, Director

The FASEB Office of Scientific Meetings and Conferences (OSMC) managed 14 meetings and 28 conferences in 1996. The services provided included: site selection, facility arrangements, personnel and equipment arrangements, exhibit management, promotion, hospitality, assistance with abstract processing and programming, registration processing, and CME credits.

The chart below shows the attendance, number of abstracts programmed, and the number of exhibit booths sold for the meetings managed by the FASEB OSMC.

| 1996 Meetings Managed by the Office of Scientific Meetings and Conferences |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Biophysical Society                             | ABRF             | Experimental Biology |
| February 17-21                                   | March 30-April 2 | April 14-17       |
| Baltimore, MD                                    | San Francisco, CA| Washington, DC    |
| Scientific Registration                         | 3,492            | 509               |
| Total Registration                               | 3,937            | 749              |
| Programmed Abstracts                             | 2,619            | 174              |
| Exhibit Booths                                   | 118              | 38               |
| ARVO                                             | 42               | 30               |
| April 21-26                                      | 5,175            | 1,033            |
| Ft. Lauderdale, FL                               | 6,500            | 1,730            |
| Scientific Registration                         | 7,450            | 653              |
| Total Registration                               | 7,793            | 103              |
| Programmed Abstracts                             | 5,016            | 289              |
| Exhibit Booths                                   | 94               | 13               |
| Society for Leukocyte Biology                   | APS Fall Conference | ASHGH          |
| October 11-14                                    | October 16-19    | October 29-November 2 |
| Verona, Italy                                    | Vancouver, BC, Canada | San Francisco, CA |
| Scientific Registration                         | 305              | 682              |
| Total Registration                               | 302              | 694              |
| Programmed Abstracts                             | 326              | 465              |
| Exhibit Booths                                   | 1                | 7                |
| ASCB                                             | 7,620            | 81               |
| December 7-11                                    | 10,253           | 108              |
| San Francisco, CA                                | 4,079            | 77               |
| Scientific Registration                         | 453              |                  |
| Total Registration                               |                  |                  |
| Programmed Abstracts                             |                  |                  |
| Exhibit Booths                                   |                  |                  |
| ASBMB Fall Symposium                             |                  |                  |
| October 11-14                                    |                  |                  |
| Snowbird, UT.                                    |                  |                  |
| Scientific Registration                         |                  |                  |
| Programmed Abstracts                             |                  |                  |
| Exhibit Booths                                   |                  |                  |
| ASBMB Fall Symposium                             |                  |                  |
| October 25-28                                    |                  |                  |
| Lake Tahoe, CA                                   |                  |                  |
| Scientific Registration                         |                  |                  |
| Programmed Abstracts                             |                  |                  |
Summer Research Conferences

The fifteenth year of the FASEB Summer Research Conferences consisted of 28 conferences. Ten conferences were held at the Vermont Academy in Saxtons River, Vermont, June 8-August 15; ten at Copper Mountain, Colorado, June 16-August 23; and eight at Snowmass Village, Colorado, June 8-August 22. Total attendance for the conferences was 3,068 with an average of 110 persons per conference (the 1995 average was 129). Twenty-four percent of participants were from foreign countries.

1996 CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Saxtons River, VT</th>
<th>Snowmass Village, CO</th>
<th>Copper Mountain, CO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>June 8-13</td>
<td>Lymphocytes and Antibodies</td>
<td>Principles in Viral, Bacterial, Fungal, and Protozoan Pathogenesis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 15-20</td>
<td>Enzymes that Act on Nucleic Acids</td>
<td>Yeast Chromosome Structure, Replication and Segregation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 22-27</td>
<td>Virus Assembly</td>
<td>Sorting/Intracellular Transport of RNA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 29-July 4</td>
<td>Neural Mechanisms in Cardiovascular Regulation</td>
<td>Neurofibromatosis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 6-11</td>
<td>Calcium and Cell Signalling</td>
<td>Biology of Fc Receptors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 13-18</td>
<td>Retinal Neurobiology and Visual Processing</td>
<td>July 14-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 20-25</td>
<td>Molecular Biophysics of Cellular Membranes</td>
<td>July 21-26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 27-August 1</td>
<td>Protein Folding and Assembly in the Cell</td>
<td>July 28-August 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>August 3-8</td>
<td>Folic Acid, Vitamin B12 and One Carbon Metabolism</td>
<td>Cellular and Molecular Mechanisms of Liver Growth Regulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>August 10-15</td>
<td>Plant Development Genetics</td>
<td>Transcriptional Regulation during Cell Growth, Differentiation and Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>August 17-22</td>
<td>Clonal Senescence and Differentiation</td>
<td>August 18-23</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The activities of the Office of Publications encompass three major areas: publication of *The FASEB Journal* (FJ); publication of the *FASEB Directory of Members*; and redactory services, which include the publication management of two scientific journals, and program booklets and/or abstracts for meetings of scientific Societies. There was marked change in all three areas during the year.

**The FASEB Journal**

The FASEB Journal’s editorial office was transferred to Yale University on April 1, 1997, and Vincent T. Marchesi assumed position as Editor-in-Chief.

Dr. Marchesi had earlier spent time discussing possible changes in the Journal with the Publications Committee of FASEB, with the stated intent to build on the strong base that had been created under the direction of the previous editor, Bill Whelan.

During this discussion, it became evident that the Reviews published by the Journal were highly regarded by the scientific community and were an important asset to the Journal, accounting for its strong citation record. It was agreed that the Journal would continue to solicit and publish state-of-the-art reviews on topics that cover broad areas of biology and bio-medical research, consistent with the diverse interests of the FASEB membership.

While it was also agreed that the Journal should continue to feature original Research Communications, it was also felt that an attempt should be made to ensure that the Journal not compete for the same manuscripts which other FASEB-sponsored journals feature, but should attempt instead to focus on research that spans the many disciplines that are represented by the Member Societies.

To achieve this goal, a new procedure for dealing with Research Communications was instituted, starting July 1, 1996, under which authors provide the Journal with a preview of their intended submission along with some justification for its inclusion in the Journal that is consistent with the goals stated above.

This system has now been in place for six months, a period too short to be evaluated properly, but the preliminary response to this new system by authors appears to be positive.

A new section has been created in the Journal, the Life Sciences Forum. We hope to publish under this heading original essays on issues that affect the life sciences and life scientists worldwide. Subjects that include an analysis of economic, political and social trends will be welcome, along with scholarly analyses that deal with bio-medical research practices such as peer review, graduate education, and related matters. It is our intention to seek authors from industry, government, and the academic sectors.

The success of FJ can be attributed to the high degree of scientific and editorial excellence that has been maintained since the first issue in July 1987. For the sixth consecutive year FJ's impact factor was the highest in the Biology category of the Science Citation Index (out of 57 journals). It ranked sixth (out of 217 journals) in the Biochemistry/Molecular Biology category. FJ was third out of 60 journals in the Multidisciplinary Sciences category after *Nature* and *Science*.

**FASEB Directory of Members**

An important charge to the Office of Publications is the publication of the *FASEB Directory of Members*. The 1996-97 Directory, which contains 43,367 unduplicated entries, was compiled using data for individual members derived directly from Society files rather than from a unique database. This number of unduplicated entries represents a 47% increase in individual members of FASEB Societies since 1988. The Biophysical Society joined the Federation in 1992, followed by the American Association of Anatomists in 1993, and the Protein Society in 1995. The Directory can be accessed on the Internet via the World Wide Web. The URL is www.faseb.org/cgi-bin/Soc-Dir. In the last quarter of 1996 a protocol for on-line updating of Directory entries was developed and approved. When this procedure is launched in 1997, members will be able to access their own entries on the WWW, and update them.

**FAX and Email Entries in Directory**

A new section has been created in the Journal, the Life Sciences Forum. We hope to publish under this heading original essays on issues that affect the life sciences and life scientists worldwide. Subjects that include an analysis of economic, political and social trends will be welcome, along with scholarly analyses that deal with bio-medical research practices such as peer review, graduate education, and related matters. It is our intention to seek authors from industry, government, and the academic sectors.

The success of FJ can be attributed to the high degree of scientific and editorial excellence that has been maintained since the first issue in July 1987. For the sixth consecutive year FJ's impact factor was the highest in the Biology category of the Science Citation Index (out of 57 journals). It ranked sixth (out of 217 journals) in the Biochemistry/Molecular Biology category. FJ was third out of 60 journals in the Multidisciplinary Sciences category after *Nature* and *Science*.

**FASEB Directory of Members**

An important charge to the Office of Publications is the publication of the *FASEB Directory of Members*. The 1996-97 Directory, which contains 43,367 unduplicated entries, was compiled using data for individual members derived directly from Society files rather than from a unique database. This number of unduplicated entries represents a 47% increase in individual members of FASEB Societies since 1988. The Biophysical Society joined the Federation in 1992, followed by the American Association of Anatomists in 1993, and the Protein Society in 1995. The Directory can be accessed on the Internet via the World Wide Web. The URL is www.faseb.org/cgi-bin/Soc-Dir. In the last quarter of 1996 a protocol for on-line updating of Directory entries was developed and approved. When this procedure is launched in 1997, members will be able to access their own entries on the WWW, and update them.
on-line. Thus, member-initiated changes will allow the Directory entries to be kept current and up-to-date. A requirement for on-line changes is that the member must have an e-mail address, as verification of changes will be via e-mail to the member and confirmation by the member by an e-mail back to FASEB. The graph shows the percentage of Society members who have reported fax numbers and/or e-mail addresses since 1988, the first year that this information appeared in the Directory. Currently 54.5% of the entries, representing 23,635 members, have a listed e-mail address.

**Redactory Services**

The Office of Publications publishes abstract issues of The FASEB Journal and programs in conjunction with meetings of FASEB Societies, and other scientific organizations outside the Federation. For the Experimental Biology '96 meeting (APS, ASPET, ASNS [formerly AIN], and AAA) in Washington, D.C., 4,768 abstracts were processed and published. For the Joint Meeting of ASBMB, ASIP, and AAI in New Orleans, 3,260 abstracts for the full and satellite meetings were processed and published. The Office of Publications also assisted the Biophysical Society, the Society for Neuroscience, the Protein Society, the Society for Leukocyte Biology, the Association of Biomolecular Resource Facilities, and the American Society for Virology, with programs and/or abstract issues. The Office of Publications staff performed redactory work and publication management for two other monthly journals in 1996: the Journal of Lipid Research (for the 25th year), and the Journal of Leukocyte Biology (for the 5th year).

**Career Resources**

**JACQUELYN ROBERTS, MANAGER**

In 1996, the FASEB Career Resources Office entered cyberspace by establishing an interactive facility on the FASEB WWW Site. The CAREERS Online database system is the primary tool that facilitates advance registration for the FASEB Job Fairs and the year-around online employment search-and-referral database. Since the launch of the CAREERS Online database system in March, the Career Resources Office has been gaining experience in operating an Internet-based system, while continuing to seek growth and service improvements in the meeting-related career services area.

The meeting-related career services (FASEB Job Fairs) provide a user-friendly, Internet-based registration system. In 1996, significant improvements were made in the onsite interview scheduling and applicant search-and-referral services. In addition, Career Development Seminars and Cover Letter/Resume Critique Workshops were provided at most of the 1996 FASEB Job Fairs operations.

Recognizing the cost-effective advantages provided by the new FASEB Career Resources web site, the monthly newsletter, CAREERS HardCopy, was discontinued as a printed publication in June. Beginning in July, the remaining issues of CAREERS HardCopy were published as CAREERS HardCopy OnLine, laying the foundation for a new weekly online newsletter, CAREERS OnLine CLASSIFIED.

**Publications and Communications Committee**

Thomas J. Kindt, Chair  
Catherine S. Chew  
Ann Ginsburg  
Marlene L. Cohen  
Thomas W. Tillick  
Susan S. Percival  
Ari Helenius  
Betty J. Caffney  
William P. Jollie*  
Robert W. Newburgh  
*Board Liaison
Logistic Support

The Federation provides physical and electronic infrastructure, along with professional management and production services, to further the objectives of the ten Member Societies and other life science Societies which purchase these available services. Roughly one-third of all 1996 FASEB revenues were generated through logistic support.

The FASEB Campus

Over the years FASEB has become the physical center of the life sciences and biomedical Society and Association world. In addition to housing the ten Member Societies, another 12 organizations leased space on the Beaumont Campus in 1996. Included among them were:

Agricultural Research Institute
American Board of Genetic Counseling
American Board of Medical Genetics
American College of Medical Genetics
American College of Toxicology
American Medical Writers Association
American Society of Animal Science
American Society for Clinical Nutrition
American Society for Human Genetics
Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology
Teratology Society
International Institute for Vital Registration and Statistics

An additional ten organizations purchased selected services from the following range of management offerings in 1996: Secretariat Services (including mail, telephone and e-mail service, among others), Membership and Financial Services, and Meetings or Publications Management. The Societies and Associations so served in 1996 included:

Association of Biomolecular Resource Facilities
International Society for Interferon and Cytokine Research
RNA Society
Society of Chinese Bioscientists in America
Society for Cryobiology
Society for Developmental Biology
Society for Invertebrate Pathology
Society for Leukocyte Biology
Society for Physical Regulation in Biology and Medicine
The Wound Healing Society.

Late in 1995 The Protein Society ‘graduated’ from the above list as it acquired full Federation Member status. Two new clients were added in early 1996, the International Society for Interferon and Cytokine Research and the Society of Chinese Bioscientists in America.

Human Resources Department

A. DEREK KNOX, DIRECTOR

The Human Resources Department provides recruiting, screening, placement and payroll services and administers employee benefits programs for FASEB and Society staffs.

Additionally, it monitors compliance with all federal reporting and disclosure requirements and administers the Salary Management, Performance Management and Affirmative Action Programs of the Federation. FASEB is an Equal Opportunity Employer. The accompanying chart shows the growth of the Member Society staffs compared to Federation staff. Note that staff productivity has grown significantly with the same number of staff providing service to 43,400 members of ten Societies in 1996 as compared to 1991 when there were 32,500 members of seven Societies.

FASEB AdNet

EDWARD P. REKAS, MANAGER

The FASEB AdNet advertising management service expanded its offerings in 1996 with the acquisition of a new client and its first electronic advertising programs. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences joined the sixteen other AdNet periodical offerings.

AdNet also created the Life Sciences Buyers’ Guide on the FASEB WWW Site and began selling advertising on it. In addition, by the end of 1996 AdNet had sold the first ad positions in JBC Online, the electronic version of The Journal of Biological Chemistry.
Logistic Support

Buildings and Grounds

EDWARD Ames, FACILITIES MANAGER

The Buildings and Ground Department’s primary job is the physical operation of FASEB buildings and maintenance, care, and upkeep of the more than eleven acres of grounds, roads, and parking areas. It also operates the Conference Center and the campus Rolm Telephone System, and provides a wide range of special services.

In 1996, the department contracted to build out new office space on the 5th floor. This space, previously used for storage, was completely outfitted for offices resulting in a net 2,239 sq ft of new office space at a cost of $263,000 including new restrooms and all new mechanical and electrical systems. The new space has been occupied by the American Association of Immunologists and the Protein Society.

FASEB applied for and was approved for participation in a new experimental program for small commercial natural gas users with our local utility, Washington Gas. This new program, brought about by market forces and the Maryland Public Services Commission, is a “firm delivery” service that normally would result in about a 10% savings in natural gas costs, but with the unusual run up in market prices for gas, due to short supply, we are currently purchasing gas at about 40% below the regular commercial market.

The new air conditioning equipment and new lighting installed in the Lee Building in 1995 continue to pay dividends. The 1996 consumption decreased 9.6% and our total campus electricity costs are now 19% below the peak year of 1994.

FASEB WWW Site (http://www.faseb.org)

The FASEB WWW Site was redesigned and expanded to accept advertising primarily through its new Life Sciences Buyers’ Guide, a searchable list of 500 suppliers of research products and services. The site also contains information about Federation Societies and Life Sciences Research Office, the Directory of Members, The FASEB Journal abstracts and tables of contents, Public Affairs updates, Scientific Meetings information, and Careers On-Line. This productivity tool for life scientists’ grew in popularity in 1996, increasing its number of information ‘hits’ from 100,000 in January to a high of 1.3 million in November. Unique hosts connected to the site also grew steadily, from 8,000 early in the year to over 30,000 per month in the fourth quarter.

To help assure immediate access to the site, an Internet access backup circuit was installed. Another major improvement was implementation of a secure server to provide Society members with a high level of comfort when providing credit card information across the Internet.

Data Processing Services

GIL MOORE, MANAGER

Data Processing Services (DP) completed the conversion to a new membership and subscription system in 1996. This service is provided to twenty-one Societies, many of whom are listed in the FASEB Campus section. DP is also responsible for maintenance and efficient operation of the FASEB WWW Site. Scientific paper abstracts processing continued to be a major activity and was improved in 1996 with expansion of electronic submission capability. Approximately 40,000 abstracts were processed in support of thirteen scientific meetings.

Printing and Graphic Services

RICHARD A. DUNN, MANAGER

During 1996, the Printing and Graphic Services department evaluated its products and services in light of economic performance. This evaluation led to major changes in the composition area. It was found that the composition of scientific journals, which accounted for approximately 75% of composition efforts, had become cost ineffectively and could be produced in a more cost-effective manner by larger, commercial vendors. The area was downsized to accommodate the needs of non-journal customers in a cost-effective manner and to refocus our efforts to the greatest benefit to FASEB and the Member Societies. The major services offered by the composition area include: desktop publishing, WWW Page design, HTML coding for the WWW, publication design, and repurposing publications for print and electronic publication.

The printing section of the department was reorganized in a manner that did not effect services or products provided, but allows for a more cost-effective means to deliver those services by the elimination of one position. The total volume of work produced by the printing section increased by 7%, based on annual sales volume. The largest increase was in the amount of printing produced for Member Societies, which increased by 31% over 1995, and accounts for approximately 40% of total sales volume for the section.

Mailing/Addressing and Purchasing

RANDY SMISEK, MANAGER

During 1996 Mailing & Addressing Services processed approximately two million pieces of mail which were distributed to the U.S. Postal Service. The number of United Parcel Service (UPS) packages grew to an all-time high of 12,599, and service users saved $53,217 based on the FASEB volume discount rate. The Purchasing Office continues to obtain significant discount prices due to the volume of procurement.
1996 Awards

Excellence in Science Award

Zena Werb, Ph.D., was selected to receive the 1996 FASEB Excellence in Science Award. Dr. Werb, professor of Anatomy and Cell Biology at the University of California, San Francisco, presented her lecture, entitled "How Signals from Extracellular Matrix Regulate Gene Expression" at the ASCB/6th International Congress on Cell Biology at San Francisco, California, in December 1996. Dr. Werb is acknowledged internationally as a pioneer in the important field of tissue and extracellular matrix remodeling, an area highly relevant to arthritis, inflammation and cancer, as well as to normal embryogenesis. The $10,000 award, funded by Eli Lilly and Company, recognizes outstanding achievement by women in biomedical science.

Dr. Werb is a member of the American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, the American Society for Investigative Pathology and The American Society for Cell Biology.

Excellence in Science Award Committee

Mary Vore, Chair
Celia D. Sladek
Barbara A. Baird
Sue C. Heffelfinger
Barry Shane
B.J. Fowlkes
Philippa Marrack
Stuart G. McLaughlin
Birgit H. Satir
Linda L. Randall
Katherine L. Knight*
*Board Liaison

Gregory Pincus Memorial Award

In 1974 Mrs. Gregory Pincus established a Memorial Fund in the Federation in honor of her late husband, a distinguished reproductive physiologist and co-discoverer, with Dr. M.C. Chang, of the oral contraceptive. Upon her death in 1988, she bequeathed additional monies to the Memorial Fund. Each year the President of FASEB selects a student to receive income from the Fund to help defray expenses for travel to a scientific meeting of his or her choice. In 1996 Dr. Ralph A. Bradshaw, President of FASEB, selected Simona Raffioni, Ph.D., of the University of California, Irvine, to attend The American Society for Cell Biology Annual Meeting in Washington, DC.

Wellcome Visiting Professorships Committee

Michael D. Gershon, Chair
Robert W. Gore
Howard Zalkin
Christopher T. Walsh
Michael E. Lamm
Mark L. Failla
Norman Klinman
Igor B. Dawid
Mary F. Roberts
Perry A. Frey
Michael P. Sheetz*
*Board Liaison
Wellcome Visiting Professorships
In the Basic Medical Sciences

Sponsored and supported by the Burroughs Wellcome Fund, the Federation administers an annual Wellcome Visiting Professorships Program in the basic medical sciences. Professorships are designed to stimulate interest in the basic sciences and to recognize eminent scientists in the disciplines of the FASEB Member Societies. Twenty-eight Awards go to universities and other nonprofit scientific research institutions within the United States. Visiting Professors spend up to 5 days at the host institution to interact with students and faculty and to deliver a Wellcome Lecture. The Burroughs Wellcome Fund awards $5,000 for each Professorship.

WELLCOME VISITING PROFESSORSHIPS IN THE BASIC MEDICAL SCIENCES 1996/97 SERIES
Host Institutions and Visiting Professors

Case Western Reserve University - OH
Emilio Carafa, PhD
Swiss Federal Inst of Technology - Switzerland

Harvard Medical School - MA
Janice Eleta Green Douglas, MD
Case Western Reserve Univ Div Hypertension - OH

Indiana University School of Medicine - IN
Joseph Schlessinger, PhD
NYU Medical Center - NY

Loyola University Medical Center - IL
David L. Feleti, MD PhD
University of Rochester - NY

Marshall University School of Medicine - WV
Gerald Bruce Grunwald, PhD
Jefferson Medical College - PA

 Meharry Medical College - TN
Vinay Kumar, MBBS MD
University TX SW Medical School - TX

New York University Courant Institute - NY
William K. Olson, PhD
Rutgers University, Wright-Rieman Labs - NJ

New York University Medical Center - NY
Donald M. Beres, PhD
Loyola University Chicago - IL

North Dakota State University - ND
Richard J. Grand, MD
North Dakota Medical Center - MA

Northeast Louisiana University - LA
Schie Coons, MD
Inst Environmental Med Karolinska Inst - Sweden

Northwestern University Medical School - IL
Richard Miledi, MD
University of California Irvine - CA

Pennington Biomedical Research Center - LA
John Todd, PhD
Wellcome Trust Ct/Human Genetics - England

St. Louis University School of Medicine - MO
Jack Gorski, PhD
University of Wisconsin, Madison - WI

Stanford University School of Medicine - CA
Jerry E. McIntyre, PhD
The Immunobiology Vaccine Center - AL

University of Alabama at Birmingham - AL
Joel M. Kremer, MD
The Albany Medical Center - NY

University of Arkansas for Medical Science - AR
John P. Fraher, MB PhD Dsc
University College - Ireland

University of Chicago - IL
David Baltimore, PhD
Massachusetts Institute of Technology - MA

University of Nebraska Medical Center - NE
Ronald M. Evans, BA PhD
The Salk Institute for Biological Studies - CA

University of New Mexico School of Medicine - NM
Eugene Corning Butcher, MD
Stanford University Medical Center - CA

University of North Dakota - ND
Jan Alexander, MD PhD
National Institute of Public Health - Norway

University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center - OK
Phyllis M. Wise, MA PhD
College of Medicine University of Kentucky - KY

University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine - PA
Steven C. Hebert, PhD
Harvard Medical School Brigham & Women's Hosp - MA

University of Puerto Rico - PR
Walter C. Willett, MD MPH PhD
Harvard University School of Public Health - MA

University of South Alabama College of Medicine - AL
John V. Weil, MD
University of Colorado Health Sciences Center - CO

University of South Florida College of Medicine - FL
Gavril W. Pasternak, MD PhD
Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center - NY

University of Vermont College of Medicine - VT
Robert J. Williams, BS MS PhD
University of Oxford Inorganic Chemical Lab - UK

Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University - VA
Helmut Beinert, BS MS PhD
Institute of Enzyme Rsrch Univ Wisconsin, Madison - WI

Wayne State Univ School of Medicine - MI
Timothy Alan Springer, PhD
Center for Blood Research, Harvard Medical School - MA
Financial Reports — Calendar Year 1996

JOHN R. RICE, COMPTROLLER

The Finances of the Federation for calendar year 1996 are detailed in the financial schedules that follow. These schedules summarize the more detailed financial statements audited by Arthur Andersen LLP, a leading national accounting and consulting firm. A copy of the complete audited financial statements is available from the Comptroller's Office upon request.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued two Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) which required the adoption of a new format for the 1995 and future financial statements. SFAS 117, Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations, requires the Federation to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets. SFAS 116, Accounting for Contributions Received and Contributions Made requires that contributions received be recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor or time restrictions.

Other changes required by the new accounting standards call for the use of new terminology for the traditional accounting statements, i.e., "Balance Sheet" becomes the "Statement of Financial Position", "Statement of Revenue and Expense" becomes "Statement of Activities" and "Fund Balance" becomes "Net Assets". All of these changes are intended to achieve some consistency in financial reporting by not-for-profit organizations.

The majority of Federation activities and net assets are unrestricted and controlled by the Federation Board. The Memorial Fund established by a donation from Mrs. Elizabeth Pincus in memory of her husband, Gregory Pincus, the interest from which supports travel of young scientists to scientific meetings, is the only permanently restricted net asset. Temporarily restricted assets are contributions restricted by purpose or by time, i.e., income generated by the Pincus Memorial Fund and donations for the following year's Summer Research Conferences.

In 1996, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 124, Accounting for Certain Investments Held by Not-for-Profit Organizations as required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Under SFAS No. 124, the Federation is required to report debt and equity securities at market value based on quoted market prices. In years prior to 1996, the Federation reported all investments at cost, with market values identified in the notes to the financial statements. The net effect of adopting SFAS No. 124 was $1,473,233 of which $220,907 relates to the appreciation in market value during 1996 and $1,252,326 relates to appreciation in years prior to 1996.

Statement of Financial Position

This statement presents the Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets of the Federation on December 31, 1996. There is a very healthy 3.96 to 1 ratio between assets ($18,567,645) and liabilities ($4,688,715). The Net Assets, i.e., the difference between assets and liabilities is $13,878,930 which is the accumulated total of net operating results over the organization's 83-year history.

Current assets of the Federation include cash, receivables, supplies, and future years expenses prepaid in 1996 which total $2,310,024. Investments of $11,011,657 are diversified in U.S. Treasury bills and notes, commercial paper, commercial bonds, and common stock. The Federation Board restructured certain investment accounts into two reserve funds, the Restricted Reserves and the Supplemental Reserves. The Restricted Reserves ($7,226,386) provide for protection of principal, inflation protection, stability of capital, liquidity if needed in times of emergency and to serve as a hedge against the outstanding mortgage on the Beaumont Property. The corpus of the Restricted Reserves can be used only after depletion of the Supplemental Reserves. The Supplemental Reserves ($2,772,833) provide for stable and predictable cash income from year to year, a source of funding for capital expenditures, a programmatic reserve for activities approved by the Federation Board and to provide a depository for funding the annual depreciation expense. Other investments include mutual funds purchased under the Deferred Compensation Plan ($996,256), and the Permanently Restricted Memorial Fund ($16,182).

A most significant asset is the net investment of $5,245,964 in the buildings, grounds, furniture, and equipment on the Beaumont campus, which provides a home for the Federation, its constituent Societies, and other scientific and educational Societies whose offices are located on the campus.

Liabilities totaling $4,688,715 include: amounts owed to vendors on December 31, 1996 for products and services received ($456,605); revenue received in 1996 but applicable to programs to be conducted in 1997 ($1,261,597), amounts owed to employees under the
deferred compensation plan ($996,256); annual leave accruals ($301,966); and the note payable to NationsBank in connection with the Economic Development Revenue Bond ($1,672,291). The Net Assets of the Federation ($13,878,930) increased by $1,877,557 in 1996 as a result of a net gain from operations of $404,324, net unrealized gain on investments of $220,907 and the cumulative effect on prior years resulting from the change in accounting for investments based on market value of $1,252,326.

Statement of Activities

The Statement covers the 12 months for the year ending December 31, 1996 and identifies the sources of revenue and expense. The financial plan adopted by the Federation Board required the Board to set a fixed rate for annual dues to be paid to the Federation by the Member Societies. At its meeting in December 1995, the Board set the 1996 annual dues for Member Societies at $10 per member. Dues paid by the Member Societies to the Federation totaled $421,130 in 1996.

To further its scientific and educational mission and to provide assistance to Societies in the biomedical sciences, the Federation has developed a wide range of supporting services in the areas of scientific meetings and conferences, publications, career resources, public affairs, marketing and association management.

Finance Committee
Linda M. McManus, Chair
Franklyn G. Knox
Richard I. Gumport
Robert E. Stitzel
Robert B. Rucker
Steven J. Burakoff
Carl M. Cohen
David W. Deamer
Robert D. Yates
Thomas O. Baldwin
Statement of Financial Position

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1996

Assets

Current Assets:

Cash
Receivables:
  Government Contracts and Grants
    Member Societies and Custodial Accounts
    Membership, Publication and Contract Services
  Supplies and Prepaid Expenses
  Total Current Assets
Investments

Property And Equipment, at Cost
  Land, Buildings and Improvements
  Furniture and Equipment
  Net Property and Equipment
  TOTAL ASSETS

Liabilities and Net Assets

Current Liabilities:
  Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses
  Deferred Revenue from Future Publication Sales and Other Income Collected in Advance
  Amounts Held for Member Societies and Custodial Accounts
  Amounts Held for Custodial Funds from Managed Meetings
  Amounts Owed to Employees Under Deferred Compensation Plan
  Accrued Annual Leave
  Note Payable, NationsBank (Current Portion)
    Economic Development Revenue Bonds
    Total Current Liabilities

Long-Term Debt:
  Note Payable, NationsBank
    Economic Development Revenue Bonds
    Total Liabilities

Net Assets:
  Unrestricted
  Temporarily Restricted
  Permanently Restricted
  Total Net Assets
  TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

$ 199,546
415,493
781,515
666,230
247,240
2,310,024
11,011,657
4,524,741
721,223
5,245,964
$ 18,567,645

$ 456,605
484,109
95,100
682,388
996,256
301,966
116,004
3,132,428

1,556,287

13,796,253
68,177
14,500
13,878,930
$ 18,567,645
## Statement of Activities

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1996**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Support and Revenue:</th>
<th>Unrestricted</th>
<th>Temporarily Restricted</th>
<th>Permanently Restricted</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Society Dues</td>
<td>$ 421,130</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ 421,130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government and Private Support</td>
<td>1,487,666</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,487,666</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subscriptions</td>
<td>889,575</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>889,575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Issue Sales</td>
<td>262,331</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>262,331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reprint Sales and Royalties</td>
<td>142,600</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>142,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advertising</td>
<td>122,802</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>122,802</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directory Fees</td>
<td>221,608</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>221,608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhibit and Advertising Commissions</td>
<td>344,968</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>344,968</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management Fees</td>
<td>1,018,681</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,018,681</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registrations</td>
<td>1,912,616</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,912,616</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conference Support and Grants</td>
<td>824,102</td>
<td>66,495</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>890,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer/Applicant Online Listings</td>
<td>17,820</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>17,820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Interviews/Resume Fees</td>
<td>12,310</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>12,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Referrals, Searches and Outplacement</td>
<td>6,685</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>6,685</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent</td>
<td>1,085,511</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,085,511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business Service Charges to Custodial Funds</td>
<td>44,215</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>44,215</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing, Computer, Mailing and Other Business Services</td>
<td>3,035,286</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,035,286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends, Interest and Capital Gains</td>
<td>783,048</td>
<td>605</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>783,653</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mailing List Sales</td>
<td>150,659</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>150,659</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Income</td>
<td>97,956</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>97,956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net Assets Released From Restrictions</strong></td>
<td>30,118</td>
<td>(30,118)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Support and Revenue</strong></td>
<td>12,911,687</td>
<td>36,982</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>12,948,669</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Services:</th>
<th>-</th>
<th>-</th>
<th>-</th>
<th>-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public Affairs</td>
<td>1,135,736</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,135,736</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scientific Meetings and Conferences</td>
<td>3,305,114</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,305,114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publications, Directory and Marketing</td>
<td>1,506,185</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,506,185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Association Management Services</td>
<td>565,923</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>565,923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Career Resources</td>
<td>358,371</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>358,371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Program Services</strong></td>
<td>6,871,329</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>6,871,329</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supporting Services</td>
<td>4,185,350</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4,185,350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government and Privately Supported Projects</td>
<td>1,487,666</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,487,666</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses</strong></td>
<td>12,544,345</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>12,544,345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in Net Assets From Operations</td>
<td>367,342</td>
<td>36,982</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>404,324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Unrealized Gains on Investments</td>
<td>220,907</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>220,907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in Net Assets Before Cumulative Effect of Changes in Accounting Principles</td>
<td>588,249</td>
<td>36,982</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>625,231</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative Effect on Prior Years of a Change in Method of Accounting For Investments</td>
<td>1,252,326</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,252,326</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in Net Assets</td>
<td>1,840,575</td>
<td>36,982</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,877,557</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Assets, Beginning of Year</td>
<td>11,955,678</td>
<td>31,195</td>
<td>14,500</td>
<td>12,001,373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Assets, End of Year</td>
<td>$13,796,253</td>
<td>$68,177</td>
<td>$14,500</td>
<td>$13,878,930</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Member Societies of the Federation

THE AMERICAN PHYSIOLOGICAL SOCIETY - APS

Founded: December 30, 1887
Founding Member of FASEB, 1912

Mission...APS is devoted to fostering scientific research, education, and the dissemination of scientific information. By providing a spectrum of physiological information, the APS strives to play an important role in the progress of science and the advancement of knowledge. Providing current, usable information to the scientific community is the Society's primary focus.

President: Dr. James A. Schafer
University of Alabama
at Birmingham
Birmingham, AL

Executive Director: Dr. Martin Frank
Membership: 8,270

Publications: American Journal of Physiology (consol.)
AJP: Cell Physiology
AJP: Endocrinology & Metabolism
AJP: Gastrointestinal and Liver Physiology
AJP: Heart and Circulatory Physiology
AJP: Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology
AJP: Renal Physiology
AJP: Regulatory, Integrative and Comparative Physiology
AJP: Advances in Physiology Education
Journal of Applied Physiology Journal of Neurophysiology
Physiological Reviews
News in Physiological Sciences
The Physiologist
APStracts

1996 Meetings:
Annual Meeting with Experimental Biology '96 - Washington, DC, April 12-17, 1996
APS Conference - Snowmass, CO, July 12-15, 1996
APS Conference - Madison, WI, July 21-25, 1996
APS Intersociety Meeting - Vancouver, BC, October 16-17, 1996

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR BIOCHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY - ASBMB

Founded: December 26, 1906
Founding Member of FASEB, 1912

The purpose of the Society is the extension and utilization of biochemistry and molecular biology.

President: Dr. Jack E. Dixon
University of Michigan
Ann Arbor, MI

Executive Officer: Charles Hancock
Membership: 9,741

Publications: The Journal of Biological Chemistry
(Printed/On-line)
JBC MiniReview Compendium
ASBMB News - bimonthly

1996 Meetings:
Fall Symposia - Lake Tahoe, CA, Keystone, CO, Snowbird, UT, Whistler, BC Canada
Annual Meeting - New Orleans, LA, June 2-6

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR PHARMACOLOGY AND EXPERIMENTAL THERAPEUTICS - ASPET

Founded: December 28, 1908
Founding Member of FASEB, 1912

Mission...The Society's purpose is to promote pharmacological knowledge and its application and to conduct research pertaining thereto.

President: Dr. Charles O. Rutledge
Dean
Purdue University School of Pharmacy
Robert E. Heine Bldg.
West Lafayette, IN 47907-1330

Executive Officer: Kay A. Croker
Membership: 4,036

Publications: The Pharmacologist - quarterly
Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics
Pharmacological Reviews - quarterly
Molecular Pharmacology
Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics
Drug Metabolism and Disposition

1996 Meeting:
Annual Meeting with Experimental Biology '96 - Washington, DC, April 14-17, 1996
Member Societies of the Federation

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR INVESTIGATIVE PATHOLOGY - ASIP

Founder: December 1900
Joined FASEB: 1913

ASIP is a society of biomedical scientists who investigate mechanisms of disease. Investigative pathology is an integrative discipline that links the presentation of disease in the whole organism to its fundamental cellular and molecular mechanisms. It uses a variety of structural, functional and genetic techniques and integrates research findings to the diagnosis and treatment of diseases. ASIP advocates for the practice of investigative pathology and fosters the professional career development and education of its members.

President: David G. Kaufman, M.D., Ph.D.
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill
School of Medicine
Chapel Hill, NC

Executive Officer: Frances A. Pitlick, Ph.D.

Membership: 2,215
Publications: The American Journal of Pathology - monthly
ASIP Newsletter - bimonthly

1996 Meeting:
Annual Meeting with ASBMB and ASIP - New Orleans, LA, June 24, 1996

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR NUTRITIONAL SCIENCES - ASN

Founder: September 27, 1928
Joined FASEB: 1940

Mission Statement: The American Society for Nutritional Sciences is the premier research society dedicated to improving the quality of life through the science of nutrition. We do this by: fostering and enhancing research in animal and human nutrition; providing our members opportunities for sharing, disseminating, and archiving accumulated research results; fostering quality education and training in nutrition; upholding standards for ethical behavior in research, the protection of human subjects, and the care and treatment of research animals; providing opportunities for fellowship and support among nutritionists; bringing knowledge to bear on nutrition issues through communication and influence in the public domain.

President: Dr. Robert J. Cousins
University of Florida
Gainesville, FL

Executive Officer: Dr. Richard Allison

Membership: 3,474
Publications: Journal of Nutrition - monthly
Nutrition Notes - quarterly

1996 Meeting:
Annual Meeting with Experimental Biology '96 - Washington, DC, April 14-17, 1996

THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF IMMUNOLOGISTS - AAI

Founder: June 19, 1913
Joined FASEB: 1942

The AAI is an association of professionally trained scientists dedicated to advancing a comprehensive knowledge of immunology and its related discipline, fostering the interchange of ideas and information among investigators in the various disciplines, and addressing the potential integration of immunologic principles into clinical practice. AAI serves its members by providing a center for the dissemination of information relevant to the field and its practices such as educational and professional opportunities, scientific meetings, membership derived issues and opinions, and important social and political issues.

President: Katherine L. Knight, Ph.D.
Loyola University
Chicago, IL

Executive Director: M. Michele Hogan, Ph.D.

Membership: 5,300
Publications: Journal of Immunology
AAI Newsletter
AAI Home Page

1996 Meeting:
Annual Meeting with ASBMB and ASIP - New Orleans, LA, June 24, 1996

THE AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR CELL BIOLOGY - ASCB

Founder: January 9, 1960
Joined FASEB: 1991

The purpose of the Society is to promote and develop the field of cell biology.

President: Dr. J. Michael Bishop
University of California
San Francisco, CA

Executive Director: Elizabeth Marincola

Membership: 9,800
Publications: Molecular Biology of the Cell
ASCB Newsletter

1996 Meeting:
**Member Societies**

**BIOPHYSICAL SOCIETY**

Founded: February 5, 1958  
Joined FASEB: 1992

The purpose of the Biophysical Society is to encourage development and dissemination of knowledge in biophysics.

President: Dr. Stephen H. White  
*University of California-Irvine*  
Irvine, CA

Executive Director: Christine K. Carrico, Ph.D.  
Membership: 5,534

Publications:  
- *Biophysical Journal* - monthly  
- *Biophysical Society Newsletter* - annual

1996 Meeting:  
Baltimore, MD, February 17-21, 1996

**AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF ANATOMISTS - AAA**

Founded: September 17, 1888  
Joined FASEB: 1993

The purpose of the Association shall be the advancement of anatomical science.

President: Dr. Gary C. Schoenwolf  
*Department of Neurobiology and Anatomy*  
*University of Utah, School of Medicine*  
Salt Lake City, UT

Executive Director: James L. Olds, Ph.D.  
Membership: 2,461

Publications:  
- *Developmental Dynamics*  
- *The Anatomical Record*  
- *Newsletter*  
- *Directory of Departments*

1996 Meeting:  
Annual Meeting with Experimental Biology '96 - Washington, D.C., April 12-17, 1996

**THE PROTEIN SOCIETY - PS**

Founded: February 11, 1986  
Joined FASEB: September 1, 1995

The purpose of the Society is to provide a forum to facilitate communication, cooperation and collaboration with respect to all aspects of the study of proteins. In order to carry out this purpose, the Society shall sponsor symposia useful to those engaged in the study of proteins and to be attended by both its members and other individuals engaged in similar endeavors. The Society awards several prizes in the area of protein science.

President: Dr. Brian Mathews  
*University of Oregon*  
Eugene, OR

Executive Officer: Dr. Robert Newburgh  
Membership: 3,078

Publications:  
- *Protein Science* - monthly  
- *Newsletter* (in the journal)

1996 Meeting:  
10th Symposium - San Jose, CA, August 3-7, 1996

---

**Sustaining Associate Members of the Federation**

**SOCIETY FOR DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY - SDB**

Founded: 1939  
Sustaining Associate Member of FASEB, 1996

The purpose of the Society is to further the study of development in all organisms and at all levels, and to represent and promote communication among students of development.

President: Janet Rossant, Ph.D. 1996-1997  
*Mt. Sinai Hospital Research Institute*  
Toronto, Canada

Executive Officer: Ida Chow, Ph.D.  
Membership: 1,778

Publications:  
- *SDB Newsletter*, quarterly  
- *Developmental Biology*, monthly

1996 Meeting:  

**AMERICAN PEPTIDE SOCIETY - APS**

Founded: March 9, 1990  
Sustaining Associate Member of FASEB, 1996

The purposes of the Society are to advance and promote the knowledge of the chemistry and biology of peptides and proteins.

President: Dr. Peter W. Schiller  
*Clinical Research Institute of Montreal*  
110 Pine Avenue West  
Montreal, Que.  
Canada H2W 1R7

Membership: 815

Publications:  
- *The Journal of Peptide Research*  
- *Peptide Science*

1996 Meeting:  
Meets biennially in odd years.
FASEB WWW Site Directory
(http://www.faseb.org)

About FASEB ........................................... http://www.faseb.org/afaseb.htm
Office of Public Affairs ................................. http://www.faseb.org/opar
Life Sciences Research Office ......................... http://www.faseb.org/lasro
The FASEB Journal ..................................... http://www.faseb.org/fj
FASEB Directory of Members ............................ http://www.faseb.org/cgi-bin/Soc-Dir
Life Sciences Buyers' Guide ............................. http://www.faseb.org/bg
Office of Scientific Meetings and Conferences ........... http://www.faseb.org/meetings
Career Resources ........................................ http://www.faseb.org/careers
FASEB Member Societies ................................. http://www.faseb.org/societies.html
APS .......................................................... http://www.faseb.org/aps/
ASBMB ....................................................... http://www.faseb.org/asbmb/
ASPET ......................................................... http://www.faseb.org/aspet/
ASNS .......................................................... http://www.faseb.org/asns/
AAI .......................................................... http://www-biology.ucsd.edu/others/aai
ASCB ........................................................ http://www.faseb.org/ascb/
Biophysical Society ....................................... http://biosci.cbs.umn.edu/biophys/biophys.html
AAA ........................................................ http://www.faseb.org/anatomy/
The Protein Society ........................................ http://www.faseb.org/protein/